

In the claims:

1. (cancelled)
2. (previously presented) A method for determining whether to discard a received packet at a node the method including the steps of:
 - comparing a sequence number associated with the received packet against sequence numbers associated with a selected number of previously received packets, wherein the received packet has a quality of service level associated therewith, the selected number of previously received packets are of the same quality of service level as the received packet and wherein the selected number of previously received packets examined in the step of comparing differs for at least two quality of service levels; and
 - discarding the received packet in the event of a match between any one of the sequence numbers associated with the selected number of previously received packets having the same quality of service level as the received packet and the sequence number associated with the received packet.
3. (previously presented) The method according to claim 2, further comprising forwarding the received packet for processing in the event that there is no match between any one of the sequence numbers associated with the selected number of previously received packets having the same quality of service as the received packet and the sequence number of the received packet.
4. (previously presented) The method according to claim 2 further comprising forwarding the received packet for processing in the event that the received packet is received a predetermined time after the selected number of previously received packets.

5. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the quality of service level is determined in response to a differentiated services codepoint (DSCP) associated with the packet.

6. (cancelled)

7. (previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein at least one of the quality of service levels corresponds to an Expedited Forwarding (EP) per hop behavior.

8. (previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein at least one of the quality of service levels corresponds to an Assured Forwarding (AF) per hop behavior.

9. (previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein at least one of the quality of service levels corresponds to a Best Efforts (BE) per hop behavior.

10. (cancelled)

11. (cancelled)

12. (cancelled)

13. (previously presented) An apparatus for discarding redundant packets received at a receiving node, comprising:

a sequence number buffer, for storing sequence numbers associated with packets received at the receiving node, wherein a packet is assigned a sequence number responsive to a quality of service level of the packet and a sequence number of a prior packet having the quality of service level of the packet;

an anti-replay bitmask table, each entry associated with a different quality of service level and storing the bitmask of sequence numbers of previously received packets to be compared in determining whether to discard a received packet, wherein

a number of sequence numbers of previously received packets that are compared differs for at least two quality of service levels.

14. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein one of the entries of the anti-replay bitmask table is associated with an Expedited Forwarding (EF) service level.

15. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein one of the entries of the anti-replay bitmask table is associated with an Assured Forwarding (AF) service level.

16. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein one of the entries of the anti-replay bitmask table is associated with a Best Effort (BE) service level.

17. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the apparatus operates according to an Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) protocol.

18. (previously presented) An apparatus comprising:

means for receiving a plurality of packets having an associated plurality of sequence numbers, wherein each one of the packets in the plurality of packets has a quality of service level associated therewith, and wherein there are at least two types of service levels;

means for comparing, for each received packet, a received sequence number of each received packet against a set of previously received sequence numbers, wherein the set of sequence numbers includes only sequence numbers of packets previously received within a window and having a quality of service level type corresponding to the quality of service level type of the received packet and wherein a number of previously received sequence numbers for each set differs for at least two quality of service levels; and

means for discarding the received packet in the event of a match between the received sequence number and any of the sequence numbers in the set of sequence numbers.